1414.h.29.

RETORT COURTEOUS;

OR

A CANDID APPEAL TO THE PUBLIC

ON THE
CONDUCT OF THOMAS LINLEY, Esq,
MANAGER OF DRURY-LANE THEATRE,
TO THE AUTHOR OF DIDO.

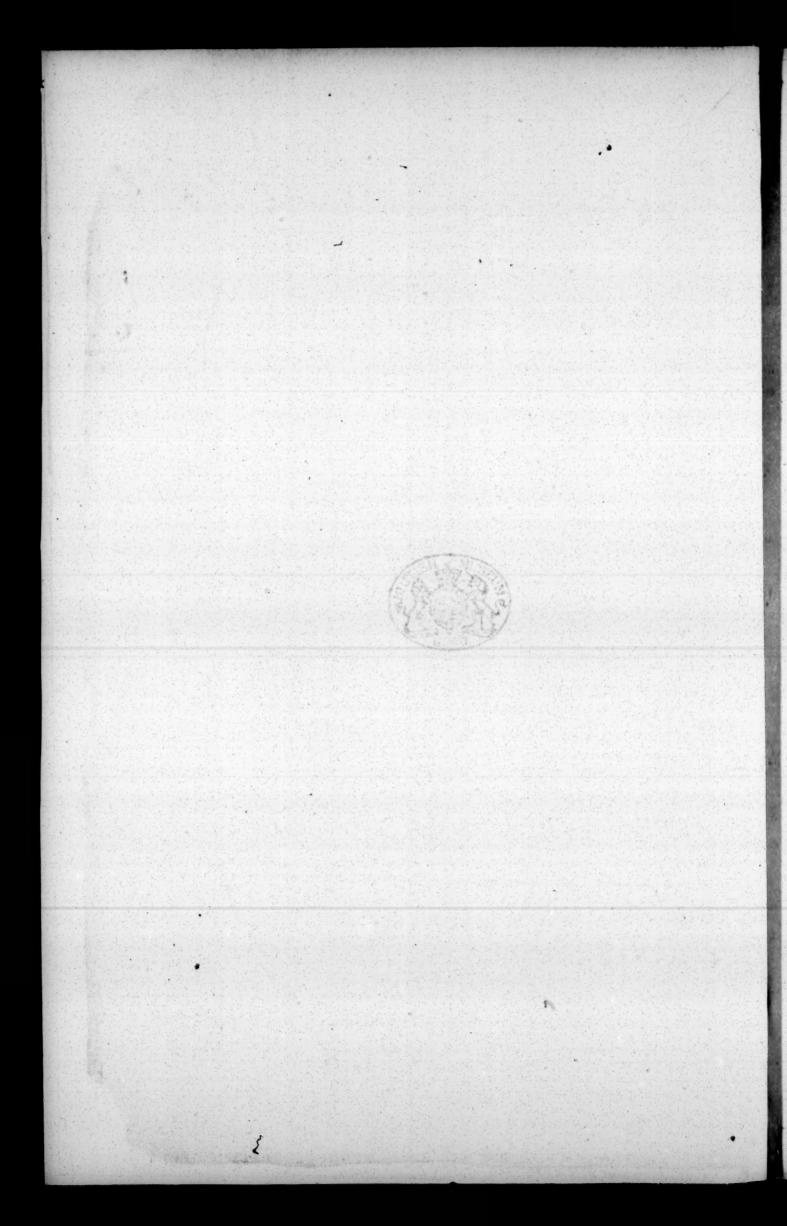
CONTAINING

ORIGINAL LETTERS AND JUST REMARKS
ON THE MANAGER'S ARBITRARY
AND INDEFENSIBLE REJECTION
OF THAT TRAGEDY.

By the AUTHOR of the REGISTER-OFFICE.

Nor from my own weak Merits will I draw
The smallest FEAR or DOUBT. SHAKES.
Hear ALL, and then let JUSTICE hold the Scale.
OTV.

LONDON:
PRINTED FOR THE AUTHOR,
M,DCC,LXXXVII.



THE

RETORT COURTEOUS;

OR

A CANDID APPEAL to the Public.

ON a supposition (I may venture to say a certainty) that the Proprietors of Drury-lane Theatre have not us'd me with that candour, which is unquestionably due to an Author, who many years ago contributed his MITE to the entertainment of the Town, I am induc'd to publish the following letters, by way of Appeal to the Frequenters of the Theatres.

Some of my friends had repeatedly folicited me to offer my tragedy of Dido to the Proprietors of Drury-lane House, as the part of the Heroine could be so admirably play'd by Mrs. Siddons: They at last, as Polonius says,

"Wrung from me my flow leave."

I accordingly fent, above two years ago, the tragedy and a comedy to Thomas Linley, Efquire, the Manager, and with them the following letter.

LETTER I.

SIR.

I have taken the liberty of sending a tragedy and a comedy, both of which I flatter myself would make a respectable appearance on your stage. As to the tragedy there can be no doubt of its success; since it was received with applause above seventeen years ago, tho it was got up in a very slovenly manner, and the Heroine play'd by a Lady, who was never very great in characters truly-pathetic*. I withdrew the piece on account of an unhappy quarrel with Mr. Garrick, or it would probably, e'er now, have afforded your celebrated Actress a farther opportunity of displaying her great talents.

* This elegant Actress fell short of her usual excellence in tragic characters of the softer cast.

As the Comedy has never appear'd its fuccels cannot be afcertain'd. However, from the (perhaps) flattering applause, bestow'd upon it by some acknowledg'd judges, I have no reason to doubt of its savourable reception, since the business of the pièce, with less humour and character than it possesses, would secure its success---add to this, that it can be capitally play'd at your theatre.

I have by me feveral Dramas of the tragic and comic cast, all of which have had such fanction, as makes me believe that none of them would do your stage the least discredit.

When you have perufed the Pieces, I should be proud of an interview; as, I think, it would be for the interest of your theatre to encourage an Author, whose situation is independent, and to whom stage-emoluments are only a secondary consideration.

I shall, with pleasure, wait on you, whenever you shall favour me with a line to that purpose.

Sun-Tavern Fields, Sept. 23d, 1784. I am, Sir, Your's, &c. JOS, REED. Two days after, both the plays were returned by Mr. Westley, treasurer to the theatre, (tho' I knew not at that time who or what he was) with the ensuing billet.

LETTER II.

DRURY-LANE THEATRE.

SIR.

THE Proprietors have directed me to prefent their compliments, and to acknowledge their obligation for the preference you have given their house, but are of opinion the pieces cannot be produced with advantage to the Theatre.

I am, &c.

25th Sept. 1784.

T. WESTLEY.

From the fudden return of the two pieces, I fuspected that they had been sent back to me unread; as I had been previously informed that every manuscript play, offered to that theatre, was perused by each of the Proprietors, before it was accepted or rejected: in consequence of which I wrote to ALL the Proprietors as follows.

LETTER III.

GENTLEMEN,

I have received a billet, figned T. Westley, wherein the writer informs me he is directed

the acquaint me, the Proprietors of Drury-lane theatre are of opinion, that my two pieces cannot be produced with advantage to the theatre—I wish that one of you had favoured me with a line on the occasion; Mr. Westley would not then have been privy to your refusal of the pieces, which may possibly be a means of their being rejected elsewhere. It is no new thing for a Manager, even without fair examination, to refuse a piece, that has been resused at a rival theatre. If any of you by letter, had offered a daughter as a bride, what would be think of that Gentleman, who, instead of a private answer, should send a servant to report his resultal?

Had your censure fallen singly on the Comedy, I might perhaps have thought it just; but, as poor Dido is involved in your anathema, I cannot help thinking my two dramatic Children are thus cruelly treated, on account of their literary Father. It was many years ago too-truly prophecied, that my quarrel with Mr. Garrick would be an almost-insuperable obstacle to my success on the stage. However, as I can incontestibly prove that gentleman used me most illiberally, it is rather hard that my dramatic Character should

fuffer, thro' my lenity of not laying before the public his unjustifiable treatment.

It appears to me very unaccountable that a tragedy, which Mr. GARRICK's fecret influence was not able to damn, should be rejected, because it was withdrawn by the author, on promise that it should re-appear, when it could be exhibited agreeably to his wish.---The story is concisely as follows.

Mr. Garrick, for reasons too tedious to be told, objected to Dido; and, by his authority, kept it off the stage from the year 1761 to 1767. Even then he would not agree to its representation, but on the hard condition of bringing it out for Mr. Holland's benefit; hoping its first appearance as a benefit-play would effectually cripple it. I should never have confented to Dido's appearance in fuch difgraceful manner, if Mr. Garrick had not affured me, that a fufficient number of nights should be left open for its Run, and at the fame time infinuated that another play, on the fame subject, had been put into his hands, the fuccess of which the author was willing to try at a benefit.

While the play was in rehearfal, he faw to his great mortification that it would fucceed, and on the day, preceding its first representation, he hurried off to Bath, having either written, or permitted to appear in the Public Advertiser (the then theatrical Gazette) a most scandalous copy of doggerel verses against the tragedy, and without having fixed the fecond night of its exhibition. Its first appearance was on Saturday, and the only night, in the fucceeding week unengaged for a benefit, was Thursday. After the play had met with fuch applause, I desired it might be given out for Thursday, to which Mr. George Garrick, the Deputy-manager, tenaciously objected; alledging he expected a COMMAND for that evening, and that he must hear from his Brother before he fixed the fecond night. was, however, over-ruled by Mr. LACY, and the piece was play'd a fecond time. All the enfuing week was appointed for benefits, except Thursday, and that evening the Earl of Warwick was to be play'd at the defire of the honourable CHARLES TOWNSEND, Efq. Chancellor of the Exchequer. On application to that Gentleman, he politely relinquished the requested play; but Mrs. YATES's illness prevented the exhibition of my piece. The

third night therefore could not be fixed till that day month, on account of Passion-week, and the intervening benefits.

After the fecond night applications were made to me for the purchase of the copy. wrote to Mr. Garrick then at Bath. He fent me a feemingly-fincere letter, congratulated me on the fuccess of the play, and diffuaded me from publication. He arrived in town before the third representation, and, though the part of Dido was obliged to be play'd by Mrs. William Barry, a fecond-rate actress, on account of Mrs. Yates's illness, the piece was received with great applause. We then mutually agreed to pollpone the farther representation (it being so late as the 14th of May) till the enfuing feafon, Mr. Garrick promifing to get up the piece with all possible advantages; but a revolution happening from the purchase of Covent-Garden Theatre, Dido was deprived of Mr. Powel and Mrs. Yates.

In October * following Mr. Garrick, without ever confulting me, allotted the parts of Æneas and Dido to Reddish and Mrs. William Barry. I objected, as Mr. BARRY and Mrs. DANCER were then engaged at Drury-lane.

^{*} November.

Mr. Garrick, after some warm expressions, at length confented that the two parts should be given to Mr. Barry and Mrs. Dancer, and that the play should be brought out after Christmas. Mr. Barry's affairs in Ireland were in fo critical a fituation, that he was obliged on a few hours' notice to fet out for Dublin. In his absence the part of Dido was given to Mrs. Dancer, who expressed a great liking to it. Mr. Barry, on his return, was applied to about studying Æneas. He promised to do it, if I would put off the play to another feafon, alledging he had no leifure for fludy till the theatrical vacation". I would not confent, and defired a politive answer. He then told me he had neither read the part nor the play. I gave him a copy of the tragedy, and a meeting between us was appointed in his dreffing-room the next time he played. We met accordingly. After many hefitations, fhufflings, and ridiculous objections he declined the part. His objections were eafily refuted, and fo confused was his behaviour, that I must have been blind, not to have seen he was influenced by Mr. Garrick. I then asked him if he had any objection to Mrs.

^{*} He afterwards studied a new part in Zenobia that season.

Dancer's playing Dido. He affured me she would never play the character, unless he was in the piece. The play was therefore withdrawn on Mr. Garrick's promise that it should re-appear, whenever I should think it could be satisfactorily performed.

I was fo highly irritated at Mr. Garrick's duplicity, that I wrote a narrative of our quarrel from its first rife, which happened in December 1759, on account of the REGISTER-Office; containing all the Letters and Occurrences that passed between us. I should have published it, had I not been pressingly diffuaded by my friend Mr. Holland, who was at that time in expectation of purchasing a share in the theatre. I now repent that I fuffered myfelf to be diffuaded, as the narrative would have excited the curiofity and attention of the literary world, and have convinced the public of the illiberal ulage, I met with from that great Actor and Manager. It may not yet be too late; for if Dido, must be denied an appearance on the stage, its injured Author has furely a right to vindicate his dramatic character by Publication.

From the above true state of the case, I would ask if a play, that succeeded against all

the uncandid practices of a great Manager—a play, that was got up in a careless and slovenly manner—a play, that was exhibited without a single new dress or scene—a play, that was kept lingering near feven weeks from its first to its third representation, and abused in the Manager's Paper before it made its appearance on the stage—I say, Gentlemen, I would ask, if it can be fairly supposed that a play, which succeeded under all these disadvantages, could fail of success, when properly exhibited?

Suffer me, Gentlemen, to relate one inflance of prepoficition against Dido. The celebrated author of Tristram Shandy was at
its first representation, and, when the curtain dropp'd, being ask'd his opinion of the
piece, replied in his humourous way, "I
"look upon it as a theatrical Take-in." The
Gentleman, who ask'd the question, answer'd,
"I'm surpriz'd to hear this! you seem'd plea"fed with the representation"—" And was
"truly so," return'd the Wit: "I only ex"pected to see a mere benefit-play, and it has
"turned out one of the best new tragedies I
"ever saw."

You think, Gentlemen, that Dido cannot be produc'd with advantage to your theatre. Far be it from me to wish you should be losers by any performance of mine. I think there is a moral certainty, that Dido will have a Run of nine nights. If, therefore, you will produce the receipts of the managers' fix nights, for any new tragedy you have exhibited, fince the commencement of your theatrical reign, I don't defire to pocket a shilling, till fuch fum has been received, though you should agree to get up the piece even in this parliamentary vacation. As parliament does not meet till late in January, depend on't, Gentlemen, you will have great need of novelty, much novelty, to bring good houses.

To guard you from every rifk, I beg leave to propose a new plan. If you will fix a fair price for the use of your theatre nine nights in November, I should be glad to contract with you. Nay, Gentlemen, I will even extend the number of nights to eighteen, and play Dido and a Comedy alternately. I have other comedies besides that you have seen. I will lodge in your hands Govern-

ment-Securities to the amount of the stipulated sum.

I beg the favour of an answer, and am,

Gentlemen,

Sept. 30, 1784.

Your's &c.

Mr. Linley favour'd me with the following answer.

LETTER IV.

Oa. 5th, 1784.

SIR,

The Letter, sent to you from Drury-lane Theatre in the names of the Proprietors, was an official one, agreeable to a rule of that house, when any pieces, presented there for performance, are returned. Mr. Westley is a person they conside in, and you may rely upon his secrecy respecting the business in question.

The further propositions you make are so contrary to the general order of business in that theatre, that they cannot be accepted.

I am, Sir,
C2 Your's, &c.

As I found nothing could be done with Mr. Linley, I wrote as follows to Albany Wallis, Esquire, one of Mr. Garrick's Executors, on a supposition that he would shew my letter to the Proprietors.

LETTER V.

SIR,

Last night I resolved to write to my friend, Mr. J——H——, who has been long acquainted with you, to accompany me to your house, as I have a matter of some consequence to impart to you: however, on farther rumination, it appeared to me more adviseable to open the business by letter, as the affair might, by that means, be kept the more secret.—But to the purpose.

On the 23d day of September, I fent to Mr. Linley a tragedy and a comedy, which were returned by Mr. Westley, the treasurer of Drury-lane theatre, with a short billet, informing me the Proprietors were of opinion, that my pieces could not be produc'd with advantage to the theatre.—As Mr. Westley's letter was dated on the 25th of September, I think it was hardly possible that both pieces could be read (at least be duly and deliberately

read) by all the Proprietors. In short, I cannot help thinking, that both the pieces were so hastily rejected, because they have the missortune to be mine.—I impute their rejection solely to an unhappy quarrel, which subsisted between the celebrated Roscius and me:——Nay, I am almost of opinion they were return'd to me unread.

As to the comedy, I can only fay, it has had the fanction of fome acknowledged judges of the drama; and, were it not my own, I would not fcruple to affert, it has equal, if not superior merit to any of the comic pieces produc'd at Drury-lane, since the commencement of their proprietorship; Mr. Sheridan's excepted.

As to the tragedy, viz. Dido, I may, without the least imputation of vanity, stand up in its defence, because it has had the sanction of the Public. It was exhibited three nights above seventeen years ago, and received with applause, in spite of—I am sorry to add—Mr. Garrick's secret influence to cripple it. From your intimacy with that inimitable Actor, I must suppose you cannot be a stranger to the cause of my withdrawing Dido the ensuing winter.—Mr. Garrick's

behaviour was fuch, that I wrote a pamphlet, with the following title and motto:

THEATRICAL DUPLICITY:

OR

A GENUINE NARRATIVE

OF THE

CONDUCT of DAVID GARRICK, Esq.

TO

JOSEPH REED on his Tragedy of DIDO:

CONTAINING

All the Letters, and feveral Conversations, which pass'd between the Manager, Author, and Others. on that Subject.

I will a round unvarnish'd tale deliver— Nothing extenuate,

Nor fet down aught in malice.

OTHELLO.

Foul deeds will rife, Tho' all the earth o'erwhelm them.

HAMLET.

I read a great part of the narrative to Mr. Holland, who, in a very pressing manner, disfuaded me from publishing it. I now repent that I did not publish it at that time, at least not during Mr. Garrick's life, as I amfully persuaded my dramatic character hath greatly suffer'd, thro' my omission of laying before the world, a series of facts, which bear hard on Mr. Garrick's memory as a Manager, and which not a little affect it as a Man.

On the 30th of September I wrote to the Proprietors, and went to the Treafurer's office after the play, in expectation of feeing Mr. Westley, whose absence induced me to leave the letter with a young man, defiring him to give it to the Treafurer; with a charge to deliver it in the presence of all, at least a majority of the Proprietors. In my letter I dropp'd all defence of the comedy, but defended Dido in fuch a manner, as must have procur'd its exhibition, had not there been a strong prepossession against the play in the case. I made the Proprietors two offers; the first, to allow them to recieve (before I pocketed one shilling) a fum equal to the amount of the Managers' fix nights of any new tragedy they had produc'd;

the second, to hire, at a fair price, their theatre nine nights, for the exhibition of Dido; or eighteen, to play the tragedy, and a comedy alternately; with a proposal of lodging in their hands Government Securities to the amount of the stipulated sum—Both these offers they have rejected.

I am therefore under the disagreeable necessity of publishing the Narrative, to convince the literary world, that I am not destitute of abilities to contribute to the entertainment of the Public.

You may possibly think that I have not written the pamphlet alluded to, and that I have only made mention of it in terrorem. If such your opinion, I will, whenever desir'd, read the Narrative to you, or to any person you shall appoint. I am forry that no other alternative remains; but as I have dramatic pieces by me, which, if play'd with tolerable success, will bring me three thousand pounds, or upwards, my duty, as a father of three children, (tho' I am in a state of independency) certainly obliges me to make use of such expedient.—When I publish the Narrative, I intend to publish Dido. I am not without

hopes of having permission to dedicate the tragedy to a Great Personage.

You may also think, that my publication of the Narrative will fail of credit, as Mr. Garrick is no more.—Don't deceive your-felf in that particular. His very letters (had I not living witnesses of his duplicity) would corroborate the facts, I have stated therein. I believe my friend H——— will assure you, that my veracity is not to be question'd. However, to remove every doubt, I shall presix to the Narrative an affidavit of the truth of its contents: Nay, probably, my late letter to the Proprietors of Drury-lane Theatre.

You may farther think, that an attack on for great a character as Mr. Garrick may make me many literary enemies.——-Even in that case, how shall I be a loser? Mr. Garrick's conduct hath blasted my reputation, as a dramatic writer, and the far greater part of my productions is dramatic. If, therefore, I have nothing to hope from the stage, I have surely nothing to fear from the partisans of Mr. Garrick.

If you are unacquainted with Mr. Garrick's difingenuous conduct; respecting Dido, I

could wish you would defire the Proprietors to shew you my letter, as it contains a concise account of his duplicity.——I observe from a recent advertisement, * that an intimacy exists between you.

You have been characteriz'd to me a sensible, and (what is still more to your credit) an honest man: And as you have been the temporary guardian of Mr. Garrick's property, you may prove a guardian to his character, by preventing an injured Author's appeal to the public: an appeal absolutely necessary to restore his literary reputation, which is almost annihilated by Mr. Garrick's disingenuous conduct.

You may ask "How can I serve you in this "affair?"—The question answers itself.

I beg the favour of a line from you, and ram,

SIR,

OEt. 12, 1784.

Your's, &c.

Mr. Wallis wrote to my friend H--, who waited on him at his house in Norfolk-street;

* For the fale of Renter's Shares.

at which interview, he express'd a defire of feeing me. Two days after, Mr. Hand I paid him a vifit. At this meeting I produc'd the Narrative, and read feveral pages, by which (I prefume) that Gentleman was convinc'd I had not attack'd Mr. Garrick thro' a spirit of malignity, but thro' a principle of felf-defence. I inform'd him if the Managers perfifted in their cruel refolution of rejecting my play, that I was in hopes, thro' the means of a baronet, (whose name I mention'd) of getting the Narrative and Tragedy introduced to MAJESTY. Mr. Wallis was pleafed to tell me he would fpeak to Mr. Linley that the play might have another reading. I therefore fent him Dido with the following letter.

LETTER VI.

SIR,

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I have fent you, agreeable to promife, my tragedy. Your own feelings, will enable you to determine, whether or not, the Public will be under greater obligation to the Propietors of Drury-lane theatre, by their receiving, or rejecting a piece, written more from the heart than the head.

D 2

I shall send for Dido on Monday next. If you should not, in that interval, have time to peruse the piece, I have no objection to its remaining with you a day or two longer.

I thank you for the indulgence of so long a visit, and am,

SIR,

Oct. 22d. 1784.

Your's, &c.

In answer to this letter, Mr. Wallis inform'd me that he had spoke to the Managers, who promised the play should have a second reading, but they could not six the time for that purpose.——He therefore return'd the play, not chusing to leave it in their hands without my consent. Three days after, I again sent him the piece, and wrote as follows.

LETTER VII.

SIR,

I am extremely oblig'd to you, for procuring a promise of a second perusal of Dido, but if the piece is to be submitted to the judgment of the person, who has already read it, I must naturally suppose he will abide by his late opinion. A physician, who has declared

his patient incurable, will hardly be induc'd to speak favourably of his case, while the same symptoms continue—Suffer me to give, what you Gentlemen of the Law call a case in point, by an extract from my Narrative.

"I wrote the tragedy of Dido, in the year 1760. In September, it was intro"duc'd to the late Lady Southwell, who
"warmly recommended it to her Lord, and
defired him to use his utmost endeavours
to get it upon the stage. His Lordship gave
the performance to Mr. Victor for his opinion. Mr. Victor wrote to his Lordship
as follows."

" My Lord,

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"I return the tragedy of Dido, with ma"ny thanks to your Lordship, for the fa"vour of reading it. I am certain the Au"thor is a man of genius: there are unques"tionable marks of it in this tragedy. I am
forry his labour was not employ'd on a better story. Your Lordship must remember
"I objected to That, when you put this play
into my hands. It is a subject every schoolboy is acquainted with, and an insurmounta-

" ble injury to any tragedy, to have the

" Event (which is call'd the Catastrophe)

" known to every auditor before the play

" opens."

" I am,

My Lord,

(With the greatest respect)

Your Lordship's most obliged

Humble Servant,

B. VICTOR.*

This letter, on account of its false criticism, is almost too contemptible to appear in my Narrative: I have notwithstanding animad verted on it, as follows.

"I cannot pass over this letter, without

" observing that Mr. Victor may be equally

" forry, that the labour of the Authors of

" Cato, Coriolanus, Julius Cæfar, King Ri-

"chard the Third, the Earl of Effex, Jane

" Shore, and feveral other tragedies, was not

" employ'd upon a better story, as they are

" all equally liable to his objection. If we are

" ever disappointed in the Event (which this

" superficial critic, impertinently tells a No-

" bleman, is call'd the Catastrophe) of a tra-

" gedy, it is when the piece ends happily; for

" we as naturally expect Death to be the

" Event of tragedy, as we do Marriage to be

" the Event of comedy."

Tho' Mr. Victor was not a little rallied on account of the above letter, he tenaciously adher'd to his opinion, and, even after three audiences had given the lie to his infurmountable objection, this pseudo critic, with a truly-pedantic obslinacy, justifies his opinion in his history of the Stage, and endeavours to depreciate Dido, to gratify his own spleen, or in hopes of pleasing Mr. Garrick, to whom he was (if I may use the expression) indebted for his daily bread*.

As the Gentleman, who read Dido, has not particulariz'd his objections, it is impossible for me to refute them. It cannot be denied that Dido was received with applause; and, fince its exhibition, I can truly affert, that the

^{*} Mr. Victor was, at that time, Treasurer to Drury-lane Theatre.

manuscript has been read by, at least, fifty Gentlemen of literary abilities; many of whom have paid me the highest compliments on its imagery, pathos, and fimplicity of flyle. I can, therefore, only affign conjectural reasons for the censure, lately pass'd on the piece. The Gentleman was, probably, a warm admirer of Mr. Garrick: If fo, he can hardly be a friend to me, on account of my (suppos'd-blameable) conduct to that inimitable Actor. He may also be one of the many critics, who prefer a florid high-founding ftyle to a fimple one. Dido will, therefore, hardly fuit his critical tafte. I hope I may be allow'd to affert, in defence of my tragedy, that Ifabella, Oroonoko, Jane Shore, and Venice Preferv'd owe their greatest success to simplity of diction .-- Every tragic Author, who hopes to reach the heart, should have in view, that admirable precept of Horace,

Tragicus plerum que dolet Sermone pedestri.

I have faid that many Gentlemen have pass'd encomiums on Dido. This, you may reply, is mere *ipse dixit*, unsupported by proof. I will therefore give you a *public* testimony, which will overthrow the censure of

Mr. Victor, and the Gentleman who has lately read my piece. It is an extract from ' Biographia Dramatica, the reputed compilers of which are Mr. Steevens and Mr. Malone, two ingenious Gentlemen, who about four years ago published an edition of Shakefpeare. Their characters, as judges of dramatic literature, are fufficiently known. have not the least personal, or epistolary acquaintance with either of them: it cannot therefore be suppos'd, they meant to flatter me by fuch extract. I should not have been able to produce it, if it had not yesterday been given me by a Gentleman, who vifited me, on a report that Dido had been refus'd by the Drury-lane Managers. The extract runs thus: VIZ.

"Dido.—Trag. in imitation of Shake"fpeare's ftyle, by Joseph Reed. Acted at
"Drury-lane, 1767. Not printed."

"This tragedy was first perform'd for the benefit of Mr. Holland, and twice after- wards; when it was each time received with applause. It was intended to have been reviv'd the ensuing season; but the Author and Manager disagreeing in some particulars,

" the copy was wthdrawn, and it has

" fince lain dormant. --- It would be a poor

" compliment to the Author, to observe that

" many pieces of inferior merit have been

" fince fuccefsfully reprefented."

BIOGRAPHIA DRAMATICA. Vol. 2. Page 86.

I have not the book by me. If the extract be unfair, it is the fact of my friend, not mine—This testimony, in my opinion, appears decisive.

Had you not mentioned, that the Proprietors could not fix a day for the fecond perulal of Dido, I should have fent you the manuscript on Tuesday. I could wish to be on a friendly sooting with the Gentlemen, as I think I could almost convince them, that some of my pieces would bring no disgrace on their theatre.

Your farther services in this affair will be a lasting obligation, conferr'd on,

SIR,

Thursday-night,

Oct. 28th.

Your's &c.

Mr. Wallis inform'd me, he was afraid he could not procure a fecond reading of Dido

very foon, as Mr. Sheridan, who promis'd to get it read, wes gone out of town for a month at least——I answered him thus.

LETTER VIII.

SIR.

Your letter, tho' dated on Saturday, did not reach me till Tuefday night. To be kept in suspense, till Mr. Sheridan's return to town, is a diffrefling circumftance. That Gentleman, if he would have taken the trouble of peruling Dido, might have put an end to the dispute. His judgment in dramatic composition is unquestionable. The has in his Critic fo wittily ridicul'd tragedy, I am convinc'd, from his fine feelings, that he would not even with to banish it from the stage. His omission of naming a person to peruse Dido, before he went into the country, has not a favourable appearance; as he can be no stranger to the anxiety, which must necessarily attend an Author, while he continues in a state of suspense.

From the decifive opinion, which the ingenious compilers of Biographia Dramatica have given of Dido, it would fcarce appear unnatural in me, to suppose the Proprietors have

rejected the tragedy, more on account of private dislike to the Author, than from a real dislike of the piece.

As I made no fecret of declaring to many of my friends in the fummer, that I should offer Dido to the proprietors of Drury-lane theatre this season, I am daily teiz'd with the disagreeable salutation, "Can it be true that "the Managers have rejected Dido?"——The matter is therefore come to a criss——The tragedy must either be play'd or publish'd this season, or my dramatic character (respecting the many pieces I have by me) is entirely blasted.

I told you I had some expectations of getting my Narrative and Tragedy introduc'd to a GREAT PERSONAGE, and at the same time inform'd you of the means to effect it. A shorter (tho' apparently less-successful) mode has been pointed out to me, which is my sending the tragedy to—* * * *

*** A COMMONER of great influence.—I am now almost convinc'd, that an application to the right honourable Gentleman would not have succeeded. I have, therefore, suppress'd such part of the letter, as relates to Him, and the means by which I hop'd to interest Him in my favour.

As I mentioned an Epitaph, (which in all probability you have not read) I hope you will not think me impertinent in requesting your acceptance of such literary trisle. It may prove the fugitive entertainment of a sew idle minutes, if a Gentleman of your professional engagements may be supposed to have any idle ones.

I have a copy of the tragedy. I therefore wish the piece to remain with you, that it may be ready for a perufal, in case the Proprietors fhould appoint another person to read it. However, as the feafon is advancing, I have no time to lofe. It would hardly be prudent in me to remain unrefolv'd and unprepar'd till Mr. Sheridan's arrival in town, as his flay in the country may be longer than he expected, and as transcript of the Narrative and Tragedy will take up no little time. The person, conditionally engaged for that purpose, must transcribe it in my own house. He can only attend occasionally an hour or two in the evenings: I must therefore reasonably fuppose, he will not be able to finish the two pieces in less than a month. He shall not, however, make a beginning till Monday fen'night, in-which interval, I have fome hopes

of hearing the Proprietors' refolution, as you have kindly intimated in your letter, that you will fpeak to them about the tragedy.

I cannot conclude, without returning you my most fincere thanks for your endeavours to serve me—I also hope you will generously pardon the trouble, I have given you on this occasion.

I am, With due gratitude,

Nov. 4, 1784. SIR, Your's, &c.

Mr. Wallis acquainted me, that he had attempted to procure the reading of the play, and intimated, that, if no better luck should attend him when Mr. Sheridan came to town, he should not be able to render me any fervice—About a fortnight after I wrote to him the following letter.

LETTER IX.

SIR,

I should have written to you the last week, if I had not determined to take the collective opinions of some friends on this embarassing affair.

I am advised by all, to whom I opened my case, to commence literary hostilities on the Managers of Drury-lane theatre; but as I would yet willingly make them my friends, (and, if I am not extravagantly slatter'd, it will be their interest to secure my friendship) I shall wait the issue of Mr. Sheridan's coming to town.

It feems to fome of my friends beyond a doubt, that the Proprietors are determined to clip my dramatic wings, or they would have foften'd their refufal of Dido and the Comedy, by an offer of looking at fome other of my pieces. I could, among my other productions, furnish them with a greater variety, than a fingle five-act piece could afford. I mean a three act comedy and a mock-tragedy, which I was, a few years ago, advised to flart against Mr. Sheridan's Critic. However, as the Gentlemen feem to treat I me fo cavalierly, it would, I presume, be in vain to make them such offer.

Some of my friends have intimated, that if the Proprietors had been willing to ferve me, they would have fent the piece to Mrs. Siddons, as a test of its merit; adding, if she should sufficiently feel the part of the heroine, it is impossible the play should fail; especially as it would be so strongly supported by the characters of Æneas, Narbal, and Achates. One Gentleman severely observed, that the sate of a late comedy * (to mention no other theatrical miscarriages) was a convincing proof of the insufficiency of the critical abilities of the person, appointed for the persusal of pieces tender'd to Drury-lane theatre. He even offered to wait on Mr. Linley in behalf of my tragedy, but, as I would not wish to give offence to that Gentleman, or his Brother-Proprietors, I declined the offer.

In short, it seems the general opinion of all the Gentlemen whom I have consulted, that the Proprietors, for some private reasons, seem, at all events, determin'd on the non-admission of any of my pieces on their stage.

In consequence of my friends' advice, I am therefore determin'd to strain every nerve to have Dido exhibited, tho' I should even facrifice the whole profits of the piece to effect it.

If I should be under the disagreeable necessity of publishing my Narrative, I am

* The Piece was damn'd.

advis'd, by way of preparing the Public, to print the letter I fent to the Proprietors. That letter, however, would be imperfect, unless it were followed by those I have written to you, with your answers; and, as your behaviour to me has been so open and liberal, I could not even reconcile to myself the idea of such proceeding, without having previously obtained your permission to lay them before the Public.

As Dido has been refus'd, I have certainly a right to know what have been the objections to the piece. Would Mr. Garrick have denied an Author that fatisfaction? No: he would (if defir'd) have pointed out his objections, and endeavoured to have convinc'd him of the improbability of the fuccess of the piece. Why then am I denied fuch fatisfaction? The tragedy, above feventeen years ago, had the fanction of the Public. Is the Public, fince that time, grown more fenfible and refin'd in tragic tafte?-I apprehend not-The town, I may venture to affert, fince Mr. Garrick quitted the stage, has patiently suffered fome tragedies to pass, which, while he continued Manager, would fcarce a ave been

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fuffered to have made their theatrical appearance a fecond time, and which would have been a diffrace to Drury-lane theatre in his reign.

Friday-night, Nov. 19th. 1784.

I am, Sir, Your's, &c.

P.S. I should be obliged to you for a line, when Mr. Sheridan has read, or procur'd a reading of Dido, till when it may remain in your hands.

Here ends the epistolary correspondence; to which I beg leave to add another public testimony of the merits of Dido, given by Mr. Garrick's biographer, Mr. Thomas Davies, whose judgment in dramatic composition was indisputable. In his life of the British Roscus, which was revis'd (some say partly written) by Dr. Johnson, he speaks thus of my tragedy.

"Dido, a tragedy, written by Mr. Reed, "a rope maker, was acted for the benefit of

" Mr. HOLLAND. It was thought an unufual

" favour, to give the first night of a new play

" to an Actor; nor does the public know, why

" Dido was not play'd more than three nights.

" If the Managers pleaded, that the feafon

" was too far advanc'd to act it fucceffively,

" as was usual in other new pieces, it might

" have been refum'd the next winter; and

" that it merited fuch favour, may be pre-

" fum'd from the applause bestow'd upon it.

" The Author is certainly a man of genius-

" His farce of the Register-Office contains a

" variety of characters aptly drawn, and it has

" met with great, and deserved applause.

Life of David Garrick, Efq. Vol. 2. p. 126.

Tho' Mr. Davies fays, "Nor does the "Public know why Dido was not play'd "more than three nights," yet Mr. Davies himfelf knew very well why Dido was not play'd more than three nights.—The reader may naturally exclaim, "Davies was univer-"fally reputed an honest man; then why "did he leave the Public in the dark in that "particular?"—Let me offer a conjectural excuse in sayour of poor Davies—might he not thus reason with himself?——"I am now "writing in praise of Mr. Garrick, and should "I fairly acquaint the Public with the true "cause of Dido's non-appearance the next

" winter, I shall fix an indelible stigma on the character of my histrionic Hero."

If the Register-Office deserve the above character, why have the Managers suppress'd its exhibition?——As Hamlet says, "There is something in this more than natural, if philosophy could find it out."

To throw some small light on this mystery, I beg leave to inform my readers, that the Register-Office would have been got up a few weeks ago, if its revival had not been unexpectedly prohibited without any reason assigned. A whisper, circulated behind the Curtain, ascribes the prohibition to Miss Pope's excellence in the character of Mrs. Doggerel, as it might possibly be a means of lessening her theatrical consequence in Tilburiana. If the revival of the farce has been prevented on such account, I must necessarily esteem the prohibition a very flattering compliment.

The person, who was to have transcribed the Narrative and Tragedy, was detain'd in the country till the middle of December; and three days before his arrival in town the Gentleman, through whose means I hop'd to get the two pieces introduc'd to Majesty,

had obtain'd leave of absence. I therefore dropp'd all thoughts of a fresh application, and determin'd to publish, in case the Manager, on the second reading of Dido, still refus'd its exhibition. On Mr. Sheridan's coming to town, I fully expected the promis'd reading would take place; but——I am quite in the dark for what reason such promise remains to this hour unfulfilled.

From Mr. Linley's postponing the second reading of Dido, may it not be prefum'd that he was afraid fuch reading would turn out in favour of the piece? Has not this breach of promife a ftrong appearance of refentment against me? But in what have I offended him? I can fafely declare in nothing, unless by calling in question the abilities, or integrity of his Favourite, the profound Critic. I am indeed of opinion, that the decline of dramatic genius, fince Mr. Sheridan quitted the Management, and refus'd the inspection of pieces offer'd to Drury-lane theatre, may be fairly ascrib'd to Mr. Linley's want of necesfary discernment in dramatic composition; but as I never publish'd my sentiments on that occasion, I cannot have given him any just cause of offence. -- Suffer me to assign a prefumptive reason or two, in support of the above opinion.

As Mr. Linley confesses his own want of judgment in the drama, (a defect scarcepardonable in a Manager) he must be neceffitated to fubmit the fate of pieces, offer'd to the stage, to the decision of a person of known, or prefum'd abilities. But how can he be fure that fuch perfon (tho' a competent judge) will always act with due impartiality? Private friendship, or private pique to an Author may either bias his judgment, or warp his integrity. That Mr. Linley has been -unfortunate in his choice of a dramatic Cenfor is too-evident. Who, or what this Cenfor is I don't pretend to know, but it is highly probable that he must either be a Person, who writes for the Stage, or an Actor. If the former, the caution given by our immortal Bard is not inapplicable; viz. " Let " no fuch man be trufted." His opinion ought not to be decifive; as he may reject a piece of real merit, through a principle of literary jealoufy, or recommend a flimfy play, as a foil to his own productions. If the latter, he is equally improper for a Cenfor; for though the piece may contain a part fitted to his theatrical powers, it may also contain a character, in which another performer would

cut a more capital figure. In fuch case, it is natural to suppose that he will reject the play.

This was the failing of our celebrated Rofcius. Among other pieces, he rejected Douglas, and Cleone, on account of the superiority of the female characters. Nay, I am almost convinc'd (and in fuch opinion I am not fingular) that he refus'd Dido for a fimilar 'rea-He remark'd, that "the play was writ-" ten for the woman" (Mrs. CIBBER) " and " that the men"-I ask pardon for using the coarfe expression-" were only Sh-ts-cks." Yet Powell, Holland, and Benfley found no want of applause in their respective parts— Let me observe, that Mr. Garrick play'd in new pieces, when Dido was first offer'd to Had he not feen the tragedy till his return from Italy, it is more than probable that he would not have rejected it.

I waited till the close of the season, in hopes of hearing from the Manager during the theatrical vacation. In the beginning of August, I patch'd up this Appeal, and resolv'd to publish it on the very day, announc'd for the opening of Drury-lane theatre, if my tragedy was not accepted.

About a week before the commencement of the last season. I visited Mr. Wallis, and told him I had prepared for an attack. He diffuaded me from publication, by telling me he would, on Mr. Sheridan's coming to town, talk the affair over with him-I even fuffer'd the feafon to flip over without any farther application, fo great is my diflike to folicit favours—I had ferioufly ruminated on the confequence of my intended publications-By printing the tragedy, I clearly faw it would become public property, and might be exhibited at any patent theatre, by (what is call'd) prescriptive right, by which I should be depriv'd of the emoluments of representation-This lofs, however, I laid no great firefs on-I was also apprehensive that the tragedy would be, with the utmost feverity, attack'd by fome hireling literary affaffins. The profound Critic, on whose judgment Mr. Linley fo blindly depends, and whom I have reafon to fuppose my implacable enemy, would doubtless, in justification of his given opinion, make use of some expedient pecuniary, or theatrical * to have the reputation of my tragedy decried, or blafted.

^{*} The freedom of the House.

In fuch embarrassing situation I shew'd the manuscript of this pamphlet to a sew Gentlemen, on whose judgment and integrity I could rely; but even here I sound a contrariety of opinions. Some strongly advis'd me to send it to the Press, by way of prelude to the publication of the Narrative and Tragedy, as the affair between Mr. Linley and me was evidently the cause of the Public. Others dissuaded me, as it would probably make the Manager my enemy, and consequently more averse to the reception of any other of my pieces, which might be offer'd to Drury-lane theatre.

I still continued irresolute, in hopes that matters might be accommodated; and, to leave no stone unturn'd for effecting such purpose, I even condescended to request the Manager's permission that one of the principal Performers might have Dido for a benefit. This I could do with no other view, than in hopes of convincing him, that the tragedy had sufficient merit to establish its existence as a Stock-Play. To this humiliating Request, (though I did not even desire either new dress or scene) I am sorry to say Mr. Linley absolutely resus'd his

consent; which is perhaps a greater stretch of theatrical Despotism, than has been exercised by any Manager during the present century.

How striking the contrast between Mr. Linley's CRUELTY to me, and his PARTI-ALITY to another Dramatist! It would almost puzzle an able Cafuift to decide in which particular the Manager's conduct merits the feverer reprehension-Two years ago, a tragedy and a comedy (each of five acts written by the fame Author) were brought out at Drury-lane theatre-Did Mr. Garrick, though a known dupe to flattery, ever grant a fimilar indulgence to any of his dramatic Sycophants? Never. He knew that fuch unwarrantable preference would be look'd upon as an opening to a monopoly of stageemoluments, by which genius would be difcourag'd, and an act of injustice to Authors. the reprefentation of whose pieces would be thereby procrastinated—The true motive of Mr. Linley's partiality to this Gentleman is not publicly known, though many shrewd remarks were made on it, little to the credit of either Author or Manager.

Notwithstanding Mr. Linley's unjustifiable refusal of the above request, I should possibly still have hesitated in respect of publication, if a Gentleman of his acquaintance had not lately hinted to one of my friends, that Dido would not be accepted at Drury-lane theatre, on account of my quarrel with Mr. Garrick. My Friend indeed ascribes this piece of unparallelled injustice to the profound Critic's influence over Mr. Linley. In either case, I can hardly suppose, after the Manager's obstinate perseverance in resusing the tragedy, that any real Well-wisher to dramatic genius, and the cause of literary liberty will blame me for publication.

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I might here close my Appeal, in full assurance that every impartial reader will imagine, I have been treated with unprecedented cruelty in the Arbitrary Rejection of my tragedy, to say nothing of the comedy. To convince the world that I do not assert this through the usual partiality of the Poet, I beg leave to produce a conclusive Authority from a great dramatic Genius and able Manager. Mr. Colman (we are affur'd in the preface to Albina) thus express'd himself on a similar occasion—" Where an Author of re" putation thinks proper to bring me a
" Piece, I don't think I have a RIGHT to
" deliberate—I am only the Midwise, and
" give it a safe delivery to the world—
" Where one does not know a Writer it is dif" ferent."



E N D.

